Abstract:

The desolated structure of haft-shoyeh congregational mosque (jameh) built in seljuq denasty stands in east side of Isfahan. This building is the only monument that shows both archaism of haft-shoyeh village and its neighbor villages and archaism. The il-khanid denasty mihrab of this mosque is as important as the other snperior mihrabs of il-khanid denasty because of it's high and diverse stucco decorations. Destruction of the mosque and unfavorable weather has made a lot of damages to it. The goal of this research is representing a plan to protect the haft-shoyeh mihrab. Hazardous years from the view of weather conditions and amount of damages in the last fifty years was studied , by the means of visual documents and meteorological organization. After identification the faetors of damages , protection and restoration solution for elimination or reduction of this factors causes and preservation of the mihrab has represented. This solutions has three priorites: short-term necessary proceedings , mid-term proceedings and long-term protection proceedings.

Keywords:

Haft-shoyeh, Mosque, Mihrab, Stucco, Patology, Conservati