

Abstract:

The most significant part of Iranian architecture can be seen in its historic monuments; therefore recognition of these structures and research on them, as a precious national heritage, seem to be extremely important which lead us to restore and protect them carefully for preserving the history of our land and transmitting them as a national legacy to the next generation. Golpaygan Jame mosque is one of the valuable Seljuk monuments of Golpaygan, a city in Isfahan province, with unique features which make it one of the most precious legacies of our land that must be carefully preserved. Its origin goes back to the Seljuk period but some other parts have been also added to it during the Qajar era that form a porch but finally by the Iran's revolution its north nave has been completely demolished and renovated on contemporary base. Unfortunately due to lack of knowledge about its historical & architectural importance and value, this complex has been severely damaged. The main problems with this monument are the erosion of its surface caused by humidity and the disappearance of borders of its rooms and sanctums. This study aims at investigating the architecture of this monument and also evaluating all the damages imposed on it in order to propose practical solutions for restoring and preserving it. The main part of this work was devoted to recognition and understanding of inscriptions and decorative motifs. The study is an application research in terms of its aim, its method is a descriptive method and a case study and the method of analysis is a qualitative method. Therefore, this study was gathered by means of field studies and library and provide the knowledge Golpaygan mosque restoration design due to damage them.

Key words:

Seljuk architecture, Golpaygan Jame mosque, Restoration design.